

# TRANSLATIONS

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Internationalization of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X 2<sub>E</sub> Packages

Clemens NIEDERBERGER

<https://github.com/cgnieder/translations/>

contact@mychemistry.eu

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## 1 Motivation

This package provides means for package authors to have an easy interface for internationalization of their packages. The functionality of this package is in many parts also covered by the package translator [Tan10] (part of the beamer bundle). Internationalization is also possible with babel [Bra13] and it's `\addto\captions<language>` mechanism or KOMA-Script's `\providecaptionname` and similar commands. However, I believe that TRANSLATIONS is more flexible than all of these. Unlike translator it detects the used (babel or polyglossia [Cha13]) language itself and provides expandable retrieving of the translated key. TRANSLATIONS also provides support for language dialects which means package authors can for example distinguish between British, Australian, Canadian and US English.

The first draft of the package was written since I missed an expandable version of translator's `\translate` command. Once I had the package available I began using it in various of my other packages so it got extended to the needs I faced there.

## 2 License and Requirements

Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this software under the terms of the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X Project Public License (LPPL), version 1.3 or later (<http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt>). The software has the status “maintained.”

**TRANSLATIONS** requires the packages `cnltx-base` from the `cnltx` bundle [Nie13] and `scrlfile` (part of the KOMA-Script bundle [KN12]).

## 3 Usage

### 3.1 Background

The **TRANSLATIONS** package enables the author of a package or a class (or a document) to declare translations of key words in different languages and fetch these translations in the document depending on the active language as set by `babel` or `polyglossia`. Since **TRANSLATIONS** checks which language is active it is generally not necessary (although possible) to specify the language for which a translation should be fetched manually.

**TRANSLATIONS** knows of three types of languages: main languages (see table 2 on page 13), language dialects (see table 3 on page 14), and language aliases (see table 4 on page 14). For the commands declaring or fetching a translation base languages and language aliases are equivalent. Dialects are similar to aliases but there are important differences. An alias can for example be an alias of a dialect.

Figure 1 shows what happens if **TRANSLATIONS** is asked to fetch a translation for a given key.

What happens if you declare a translation? There are four cases:

1. You declare a translation for a base language: this is the normal case where an internal macro is defined which can be fetched by the `\GetTranslation` command (see section 3.2).
2. You declare a translation for a language alias: this is the very same as the first case since the same internal macro is defined.
3. You declare a translation for a dialect: this is two-fold. Either a translation for the base language exists so only the translation for the dialect is saved. If the translation for the base language does not exist it is defined to be the same as the one for the dialect.
4. You declare a translation for an alias of a dialect: this is the very same as the third case as again the internal macros are the same.

### 3.2 Available Commands

Below the commands provided by **TRANSLATIONS** are explained. The symbol \* means that the command is expandable. Commands without the marker aren't expandable.

`\DeclareLanguage{<lang>}`

Declare a language that can be used by **TRANSLATIONS**. If the language already exists it will be

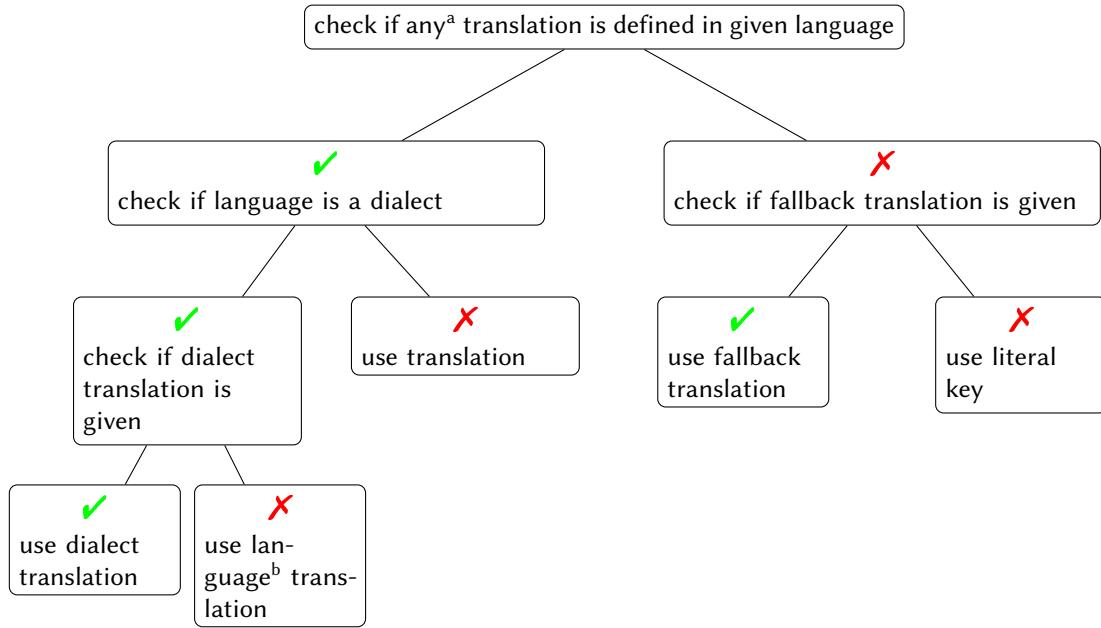


FIGURE 1: Schematic representation of **TRANSLATIONS**' translating mechanism. Notes: <sup>a</sup> except for a possible fallback translation. <sup>b</sup> i. e., the base language of the dialect.

silently redefined. This command can only be used in the preamble. It should never be necessary to use this command as **TRANSLATIONS** already declares loads of languages (section 4). Should you miss one please send me an email and I'll add it to **TRANSLATIONS**.

#### \DeclareLanguageAlias{⟨lang2⟩}{⟨lang1⟩}

Declares ⟨lang2⟩ to be an alias of ⟨lang1⟩. If ⟨lang1⟩ doesn't exist yet a warning will be raised and it will be defined. This command can only be used in the preamble. It should never be necessary to use this command as **TRANSLATIONS** already declares loads of languages (section 4). Should you miss one please send me an email and I'll add it to **TRANSLATIONS**.

#### \DeclareLanguageDialect{⟨dialect⟩}{⟨lang⟩}

Declares ⟨dialect⟩ to be a dialect of language ⟨lang⟩. If a translation for ⟨dialect⟩ is provided it is used by the translation macros. If there is none the corresponding translation for ⟨lang⟩ is used instead. It should never be necessary to use this command as **TRANSLATIONS** already declares loads of languages (section 4). Should you miss one please send me an email and I'll add it to **TRANSLATIONS**.

#### \NewTranslation{⟨lang⟩}{⟨key⟩}{⟨translation⟩}

Defines a translation of key ⟨key⟩ for the language ⟨lang⟩. An error will be raised if a translation of ⟨key⟩ already exists. This command can only be used in the preamble.

#### \RenewTranslation{⟨lang⟩}{⟨key⟩}{⟨translation⟩}

Redefines a translation of key ⟨key⟩ for the language ⟨lang⟩. An error will be raised if no translation of ⟨key⟩ exists. This command can only be used in the preamble.

## \ProvideTranslation{\langle lang \rangle}{\langle key \rangle}{\langle translation \rangle}

Introduced in  
version 1.2

Provides a translation of key  $\langle key \rangle$  for the language  $\langle lang \rangle$ . If a translation of  $\langle key \rangle$  already exists it won't be overwritten and no error will be raised. This command can only be used in the preamble.

## \DeclareTranslation{\langle lang \rangle}{\langle key \rangle}{\langle translation \rangle}

Defines a translation of key  $\langle key \rangle$  for the language  $\langle lang \rangle$ . No error will be raised if a translation of  $\langle key \rangle$  already exists. This command can only be used in the preamble.

## \DeclareTranslationFallback{\langle key \rangle}{\langle fallback \rangle}

Defines a fallback translation for key  $\langle key \rangle$  that is used in case no translation of  $\langle key \rangle$  for the currently active language has been provided. No error will be raised if a fallback for  $\langle key \rangle$  already exists. This command can only be used in the preamble.

## \* \GetTranslationFor{\langle lang \rangle}{\langle key \rangle}

Fetches and prints the translation of  $\langle key \rangle$  for the language  $\langle lang \rangle$ . This command is expandable.

## \* \GetTranslation{\langle key \rangle}

Fetches and prints the translation of  $\langle key \rangle$  for the currently active language (as for example set by babel). This command is expandable.

## \* \GetLCTranslationFor{\langle lang \rangle}{\langle key \rangle}

Introduced in  
version 1.1

Fetches and prints the translation of  $\langle key \rangle$  for the language  $\langle lang \rangle$ . This command ensures that the fetched translation is set lowercase. This command is expandable (well, sort of: in an \edef it leaves \lowercase{\langle translation \rangle} in the input stream where  $\langle translation \rangle$  is what \GetTranslationFor would expand to).

## \* \GetLCTranslation{\langle key \rangle}

Introduced in  
version 1.1

Fetches and prints the translation of  $\langle key \rangle$  for the currently active language (as for example set by babel). This command ensures that the fetched translation is set lowercase. This command is expandable (well, sort of: in an \edef it leaves \lowercase{\langle translation \rangle} in the input stream where  $\langle translation \rangle$  is what \GetTranslation would expand to).

## \GetTranslationForWarn{\langle lang \rangle}{\langle key \rangle}

Introduced in  
version 1.0

Fetches and prints the translation of  $\langle key \rangle$  for the language  $\langle lang \rangle$ . Issues a warning if no translation is available at the cost of expandability.

## \GetTranslationWarn{\langle key \rangle}

Introduced in  
version 1.0

Fetches and prints the translation of  $\langle key \rangle$  for the currently active language (as for example set by babel). Issues a warning if no translation is available at the cost of expandability.

## \GetLCTranslationForWarn{\langle lang \rangle}{\langle key \rangle}

Introduced in  
version 1.1

Fetches and prints the translation of  $\langle key \rangle$  for the language  $\langle lang \rangle$ . This command ensures that the fetched translation is set lowercase. Issues a warning if no translation is available at the cost of expandability.

## \GetLCTranslationWarn{&lt;key&gt;}

Introduced in  
version 1.1

Fetches and prints the translation of <key> for the currently active language (as for example set by babel). This command ensures that the fetched translation is set lowercase. Issues a warning if no translation is available at the cost of expandability.

## \SaveTranslationFor{&lt;cmd&gt;}{&lt;lang&gt;}{&lt;key&gt;}

Fetches and saves the translation of <key> for the language <lang> in the macro <cmd>.

## \SaveTranslation{&lt;cmd&gt;}{&lt;key&gt;}

Fetches and saves the translation of <key> for the currently active language (as for example set by babel) in the macro <cmd>.

## \LoadDictionary{&lt;name&gt;}

Loads a file named <name>-<lang>.trsl where <lang> corresponds to the lowercase name of the current language as defined with \DeclareLanguage. This file should contain the translations for the specified language.

## \LoadDictionaryFor{&lt;lang&gt;}{&lt;name&gt;}

Loads a file named <name>-<lang>.trsl.

## \NewDictTranslation{&lt;key&gt;}{&lt;translation&gt;}

Introduced in  
version 0.10

This command is to be used in a dictionary file and picks up the language of that file. Issues an error if either the translation for the <key> or the dictionary entry for the <key> already exists.

## \RenewDictTranslation{&lt;key&gt;}{&lt;translation&gt;}

Introduced in  
version 0.10

This command is to be used in a dictionary file and picks up the language of that file. Issues an error if either the translation for the <key> or the dictionary entry for the <key> doesn't exist.

## \ProvideDictTranslation{&lt;key&gt;}{&lt;translation&gt;}

Introduced in  
version 0.10

This command is to be used in a dictionary file and picks up the language of that file. Only defines the translation and adds a corresponding dictionary entry if they don't exist yet. This command is used in the dictionaries that a part of TRANSLATIONS.

## \DeclareDictTranslation{&lt;key&gt;}{&lt;translation&gt;}

This command is to be used in a dictionary file and picks up the language of that file, see section 3.5 for an example. Defines the translation and adds a dictionary entry regardless if they exist or not.

## \ProvideDictionaryFor{&lt;lang&gt;}{&lt;name&gt;} [&lt;date&gt;]

Needs to be in a dictionary file. This command tells TRANSLATIONS that the file indeed is a dictionary and also sets the language for the dictionary which is used by \DeclareDictTranslation.

## \* \PrintDictionaryFor{&lt;lang&gt;}{&lt;name&gt;}{&lt;pre&gt;}{&lt;mid&gt;}{&lt;post&gt;}

Introduced in  
version 1.0

Prints all entries of dictionary <name> in language <lang> in the order the entries have been declared. For every entry the code

<pre><key><mid><translation><post>

is printed. The dictionary must have been loaded of course. There is probably only a very limited number of use cases for this command. (It was for example used to print table 1.)

\* `\baselanguage{<lang>}`

Changed in  
version 1.2a

Returns the (internal) base name of the given language, language alias or language dialect.  
For a dialect this expands to the name of language it is a dialect of. For a base language (see section 4.1) this usually simply is the lowercase version of the name.

`\baselanguage{English} ⇒ english`

`\baselanguage{American} ⇒ english`

\* `\ifcurrentlanguage{<lang>}{{<true>}}{<false>}`

Introduced in  
version 1.2

Places `<true>` in the input stream if the current language is `<lang>`. Note: a dialect counts as a language of its own here. `\ifcurrentlanguage{English}` will for example be `<false>` if the current babel language is `american`.

\* `\ifcurrentbaselanguage{<lang>}{{<true>}}{<false>}`

Introduced in  
version 1.2

Places `<true>` in the input stream if the current language is `<lang>`. Note: a dialect does not count as a language of its own here. If the current babel language is `american` then `\ifcurrentbaselanguage{English}` will be `<true>`.

### 3.3 A Small Example

This section demonstrates with two short examples how the macros are used. The first example covers the basics: declaring of translations and then retrieving and typesetting them.

```

1 % in the preamble:
2 % \DeclareTranslation{English}{Kueche}{kitchen}
3 % \DeclareTranslation{German}{Kueche}{K\"uche}
4 % \DeclareTranslation{Spanish}{Kueche}{cocina}
5 % \DeclareTranslation{French}{Kueche}{cuisine}
6
7 \GetTranslation{Kueche}
8 \SaveTranslation{kitchen}{Kueche}
9 \SaveTranslationFor\cuisine{french}{Kueche}
10
11 \selectlanguage{ngerman}
12 \GetTranslation{Kueche} \kitchen\ \GetTranslationFor{spanish}{Kueche}
13 \cuisine

```

---

kitchen  
Küche kitchen cocina cuisine

The next example demonstrates the use of dialects and how they fall back to the translation for the main language if no extra translation was declared:

```

1 % in the preamble:
2 \DeclareTranslation{English}{farbe}{color}
3 \DeclareTranslation{British}{farbe}{colour}
4
5 \GetTranslationFor{English}{farbe}
6 \GetTranslationFor{British}{farbe}
7 \GetTranslationFor{American}{farbe}

```

color colour color

## 3.4 Usage in Packages

### 3.4.1 Basic Structure

A typical usage in a package would look as follows:

```

1 \RequirePackage{translations}
2 \DeclareTranslationFallback{mypackage-title}{Nice Title}
3 \DeclareTranslation{English}{mypackage-title}{Nice Title}
4 \DeclareTranslation{French}{mypackage-title}{Beau Titre}
5 \DeclareTranslation{German}{mypackage-title}{Sch\"{o}ner Titel}
6 ...
7 \def\mypackage@title{\GetTranslation{mypackage-title}}

```

That is, a package defines some unique key for an expression and at least defines a fallback translation. Additionally translations for as many languages as the author wants are defined. A user then may add `\DeclareTranslation{<language>}{<translation>}` if they find their translation missing.

### 3.4.2 The ‘fallback’ language

If a user has neither loaded babel nor polyglossia `TRANSLATIONS` will use English as language and translate to English if the translation was provided. If the user *has* loaded one of the language packages but has chosen a language for which no translation is defined the language ‘fallback’ will be used, *i. e.*, the translation provided with `\DeclareTranslationFallback`. If no fallback translation is provided either the translation will expand to the literal string.

The following three examples should make this concept clear:

```

1 \documentclass[margin=5mm]{standalone}
2 \usepackage{translations}
3 \DeclareTranslation{German}{foo-literal}{bar}
4 \begin{document}
5 \GetTranslation{foo-literal} % foo-literal

```

```
6 \end{document}
```

foo-literal

```
1 \documentclass[margin=5mm]{standalone}
2 \usepackage{translations}
3 \DeclareTranslationFallback{foo-literal}{foo}
4 \DeclareTranslation{German}{foo-literal}{bar}
5 \begin{document}
6 \GetTranslation{foo-literal} % foo
7 \end{document}
```

foo

```
1 \documentclass[margin=5mm]{standalone}
2 \usepackage[ngerman]{babel}
3 \usepackage{translations}
4 \DeclareTranslation{German}{foo-literal}{bar}
5 \begin{document}
6 \GetTranslation{foo-literal} % bar
7 \end{document}
```

bar

## 3.5 Dictionaries

### 3.5.1 Background

**TRANSLATIONS** provides the means to write dictionary files that can be loaded by packages or in a document. Dictionaries can be loaded for the currently active language with **\LoadDictionary** or for a specific language with **\LoadDictionaryFor**.

**\LoadDictionary{<name>}**

Loads a file named **<name>-<lang>.trs1** where **<lang>** corresponds to the lowercase name of the current language as defined with **\DeclareLanguage**. This file should contain the translations for the specified language.

\LoadDictionaryFor{<lang>}{<name>}  
Loads a file named <name>-<lang>.trsl.

A package could provide dictionary files for its language dependent settings and include the needed one at begin document. The basics for creating a dictionary file are explained in section 3.5.2.

**TRANSLATIONS** already provides a few basic dictionary files. If the main document language fits to one of the provided files the corresponding basic dictionary is loaded at begin document by **TRANSLATIONS**, see section 3.5.3 for more on this.

### 3.5.2 Own Dictionaries

A typical dictionary file should look as follows:

```

1 % this is file housing-german.trsl
2 \ProvideDictionaryFor{German}{housing}[<version info>]
3 \ProvideDictTranslation{kitchen (housing)}{K\\"uche}
4 \ProvideDictTranslation{bathroom (housing)}{Bad}
5 \ProvideDictTranslation{living room (housing)}{Wohnzimmer}
6 \ProvideDictTranslation{bedroom (housing)}{Schlafzimmer}
7 ...
8 \endinput

```

The usage is similar to the one in a package: unique keys are given translations, this time for the language the dictionary file is declared for only. Translations can be declared by one of the following commands:

\NewDictTranslation{<key>}{<translation>}

Introduced in  
version 0.10

This command is to be used in a dictionary file and picks up the language of that file. Issues an error if either the translation for the <key> or the dictionary entry for the <key> already exists.

\RenewDictTranslation{<key>}{<translation>}

Introduced in  
version 0.10

This command is to be used in a dictionary file and picks up the language of that file. Issues an error if either the translation for the <key> or the dictionary entry for the <key> doesn't exist.

\ProvideDictTranslation{<key>}{<translation>}

Introduced in  
version 0.10

This command is to be used in a dictionary file and picks up the language of that file. Only defines the translation and adds a corresponding dictionary entry if they don't exist yet. This command is used in the dictionaries that a part of **TRANSLATIONS**.

\DeclareDictTranslation{<key>}{<translation>}

This command is to be used in a dictionary file and picks up the language of that file, see section 3.5 for an example. Defines the translation and adds a dictionary entry regardless if they exist or not.

Every dictionary file *must* contain the declaration \ProvideDictionaryFor:

## \ProvideDictionaryFor{\langle lang \rangle}{\langle name \rangle}[\langle date \rangle]

Needs to be in a dictionary file. This command tells **TRANSLATIONS** that the file indeed is a dictionary and also sets the language for the dictionary which is used by \NewDictTranslation or similar commands.

**3.5.3 TRANSLATIONS' Basic Dictionaries**

**TRANSLATIONS** already provides a basic dictionary for the languages English, French, German and Spanish. This dictionary is loaded automatically if the document language is one of these four. If you'd like to contribute and add the basic dictionary in your language this is more than welcome and highly appreciated! The easiest way to do this would be to copy one of the existing files `translations-basic-dictionary-<lang>.trsl` and modify the file accordingly. You can then send me the file via email and I'll add it to **TRANSLATIONS**.

Table 1 lists all words provided by the basic dictionary for German.

TABLE 1: All entries of **TRANSLATIONS'** basic dictionary in German.

| key             | translation          |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| Abstract        | Zusammenfassung      |
| Addresses       | Adressen             |
| addresses       | Adressen             |
| Address         | Adresse              |
| address         | Adresse              |
| and             | und                  |
| Appendix        | Anhang               |
| Authors         | Autoren              |
| authors         | Autoren              |
| Author          | Autor                |
| author          | Autor                |
| Bibliography    | Literaturverzeichnis |
| cc              | Verteiler            |
| Chapters        | Kapitel              |
| chapters        | Kapitel              |
| Chapter         | Kapitel              |
| chapter         | Kapitel              |
| Conclusion      | Zusammenfassung      |
| conclusion      | Zusammenfassung      |
| Contents        | Inhaltsverzeichnis   |
| Continuation    | Fortsetzung          |
| continuation    | Fortsetzung          |
| cont            | Forts                |
| encl (plural)   | Anlagen              |
| encl (singular) | Anlage               |

*continues*

| <b>key</b>                 | <b>translation</b>                  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| encl                       | Anlage(n)                           |
| Figures                    | Abbildungen                         |
| figures                    | Abbildungen                         |
| Figure                     | Abbildung                           |
| figure                     | Abbildung                           |
| From                       | Von                                 |
| from                       | von                                 |
| Glossary                   | Glossar                             |
| Index                      | Index                               |
| Introduction               | Einleitung                          |
| introduction               | Einleitung                          |
| List of Figures and Tables | Abbildungs- und Tabellenverzeichnis |
| List of Figures            | Abbildungsverzeichnis               |
| List of Tables             | Tabellenverzeichnis                 |
| or                         | oder                                |
| Outline                    | Gliederung                          |
| Overview                   | Übersicht                           |
| Pages                      | Seiten                              |
| pages                      | Seiten                              |
| Page                       | Seite                               |
| page                       | Seite                               |
| Paragraphs                 | Absätze                             |
| paragraphs                 | Absätze                             |
| Paragraph                  | Absatz                              |
| paragraph                  | Absatz                              |
| Parts                      | Teile                               |
| parts                      | Teile                               |
| Part                       | Teil                                |
| part                       | Teil                                |
| Preface                    | Vorwort                             |
| Proofs                     | Beweise                             |
| proofs                     | Beweise                             |
| Proof                      | Beweis                              |
| proof                      | Beweis                              |
| References                 | Literatur                           |
| Related work               | Verwandte Arbeiten                  |
| Related Work               | Verwandte Arbeiten                  |
| Sections                   | Abschnitte                          |
| sections                   | Abschnitte                          |
| Section                    | Abschnitt                           |
| section                    | Abschnitt                           |

*continues*

| <b>key</b>       | <b>translation</b> |
|------------------|--------------------|
| See also         | Siehe auch         |
| see also         | siehe auch         |
| See              | Siehe              |
| see              | siehe              |
| Sketch of Proofs | Beweisskizzen      |
| Sketch of proofs | Beweisskizzen      |
| Sketch of Proof  | Beweisskizze       |
| Sketch of proof  | Beweisskizze       |
| Subsections      | Unterabschnitte    |
| subsections      | Unterabschnitte    |
| Subsection       | Unterabschnitt     |
| subsection       | Unterabschnitt     |
| Summary          | Zusammenfassung    |
| Tables           | Tabellen           |
| tables           | Tabellen           |
| Table            | Tabelle            |
| table            | Tabelle            |
| To               | An                 |
| to               | an                 |
| Monday           | Montag             |
| Tuesday          | Dienstag           |
| Wednesday        | Mittwoch           |
| Thursday         | Donnerstag         |
| Friday           | Freitag            |
| Saturday         | Samstag            |
| Sunday           | Sonntag            |
| January          | Januar             |
| February         | Februar            |
| March            | März               |
| April            | April              |
| May              | Mai                |
| June             | Juni               |
| July             | Juli               |
| August           | August             |
| September        | September          |
| October          | Oktober            |
| November         | November           |
| December         | Dezember           |

## 4 Defined Languages

### 4.1 Base Languages

Quite a number of languages already are defined, either directly or via an alias. So, before you define a language you should take a look at the tables below if the language doesn't already exist. Table 2 lists all base languages, "fallback" being a dummy language used for fallback translations. Tables 2, 3 and 4 list *all* language names known to **TRANSLATIONS**. However, they're not sorted alphabetically but listed in the order they have been defined. I tried to make the definitions in an alphabetical order but sometimes rather grouped related language names together.

If you miss a language or recognize a language that has falsely been declared as an alias but should rather be a dialect or base language itself (or any variation of this theme) please let me know, preferably with a short explanation what's wrong and why.

TABLE 2: Base languages defined by **TRANSLATIONS**, from left to right in the order of definition.

|              |             |               |             |              |
|--------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| fallback     | afrikaans   | albanian      | amharic     | arabic       |
| armenian     | asturian    | basque        | bengali     | breton       |
| bulgarian    | catalan     | coptic        | czech       | danish       |
| dutch        | english     | esperanto     | estonian    | ethiop       |
| farsi        | finnish     | french        | friulan     | gaelic       |
| galician     | german      | greek         | hebrew      | hindustani   |
| hungarian    | icelandic   | interlingua   | italian     | japanese     |
| kannada      | ladin       | lao           | latin       | latvian      |
| lithuanian   | malay       | malayalam     | maldivian   | marathi      |
| mongolian    | norwegian   | occitan       | piedmontese | pinyin       |
| polish       | portuges    | romanian      | romansh     | russian      |
| samin        | sanskrit    | serbocroatian | slovak      | slovenian    |
| sorbian      | spanglish   | spanish       | swedish     | tamil        |
| telugu       | thai        | tibetan       | turkish     | turkmen      |
| ukrainian    | vietnamese  | welsh         | canadien    | acadian      |
| american     | australian  | british       | canadian    | newzealand   |
| irish        | scottish    | austrian      | hindi       | urdu         |
| indonesian   | brazil      | serbian       | croatian    | lowersorbian |
| uppersorbian | swissgerman |               |             |              |

### 4.2 Language Dialects

**TRANSLATIONS** also defines a few dialects of thebase languages. They are listed in table 3. The decision what is a dialect and what is an alias is not always clear. I am no linguist so I looked up information available on the internet. A language that was described as "standardized register" was always defined as a dialect. For some other languages it seemed to make sense, such as British or Austrian. The decisions are open for debate.

TABLE 3: All dialects defined by TRANSLATIONS, from left to right in the order of definition.

| <b>dialect</b> | <b>language</b> | <b>dialect</b> | <b>language</b> |
|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| canadien       | french          | adian          | french          |
| american       | english         | australian     | english         |
| british        | english         | canadian       | english         |
| newzealand     | english         | irish          | gaelic          |
| scottish       | gaelic          | austrian       | german          |
| hindu          | hindustani      | urdu           | hindustani      |
| indonesian     | malay           | brazil         | portuges        |
| serbian        | serbocroatian   | croatian       | serbocroatian   |
| lowersorbian   | sorbian         | uppersorbian   | sorbian         |
| swissgerman    | german          |                |                 |

### 4.3 Language Aliases

To most of the base languages and dialects at least one alias exists, the uppercase variant. This is due to the fact that it is common to write language names uppercased. For a number of languages aliases were defined in order to match babel's or polyglossia's names for the languages. Others are defined because there apparently exist more than one name for the same language. The decisions are not consistent. For example it could be argued that "deutsch" is an alias of "German". I am open to suggestions and improvements. All defined aliases are listed in table 4.

TABLE 4: All language aliases defined by TRANSLATIONS, from left to right in the order of definition.

| <b>alias</b>     | <b>language</b>  | <b>alias</b>     | <b>language</b> |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Fallback         | fallback         | Afrikaans        | afrikaans       |
| Albanian         | albanian         | Amharic          | amharic         |
| Arabic           | arabic           | Armenian         | armenian        |
| Asturian         | asturian         | astur-leonese    | asturian        |
| Astur-Leonese    | astur-leonese    | asturian-leonese | asturian        |
| Asturian-Leonese | asturian-leonese | Basque           | basque          |
| Bengali          | bengali          | Breton           | breton          |
| Bulgarian        | bulgarian        | Catalan          | catalan         |
| Coptic           | coptic           | coptic egyptian  | coptic          |
| Coptic Egyptian  | coptic egyptian  | Czech            | czech           |
| Danish           | danish           | Dutch            | dutch           |
| Farsi            | farsi            | Finnish          | finnish         |
| francais         | french           | Francais         | francais        |
| Canadien         | canadien         | French           | french          |
| Acadian          | acadian          | frenchle         | french          |

*continues*

| <b>alias</b>    | <b>language</b> | <b>alias</b>    | <b>language</b> |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| American        | american        | Australian      | australian      |
| British         | british         | Canadian        | canadian        |
| English         | english         | UKenglish       | british         |
| USenglish       | american        | Newzealand      | newzealand      |
| Ethiop          | ethiop          | Esperanto       | esperanto       |
| Estonian        | estonian        | Friulan         | friulan         |
| Gaelic          | gaelic          | Irish           | irish           |
| irish gaelic    | irish           | Irish Gaelic    | irish           |
| Scottish        | scottish        | scottish gaelic | scottish        |
| Scottish Gaelic | scottish        | Galician        | galician        |
| German          | german          | germanb         | german          |
| ngerman         | german          | Austrian        | austrian        |
| naustrian       | austrian        | Greek           | greek           |
| polutonikogreek | greek           | ibygreek        | greek           |
| bgreek          | greek           | Hebrew          | hebrew          |
| Hindustani      | hindustani      | hindi-urdu      | hindustani      |
| Hindi-Urdu      | hindi-urdu      | Hindi           | hindi           |
| Urdu            | urdu            | Hungarian       | hungarian       |
| magyar          | hungarian       | Magyar          | magyar          |
| Icelandic       | icelandic       | Interlingua     | interlingua     |
| Italian         | italian         | Japanese        | japanese        |
| Kannada         | kannada         | Ladin           | ladin           |
| Lao             | lao             | laotian         | lao             |
| Laotian         | laotian         | Latin           | latin           |
| Latvian         | latvian         | lettish         | latvian         |
| Lettish         | lettish         | Lithuanian      | lithuanian      |
| Malay           | malay           | Indonesian      | indonesian      |
| indon           | indonesian      | bahasa meyalu   | malay           |
| Bahasa Meyalu   | bahasa meyalu   | bahasa          | bahasa meyalu   |
| Bahasa          | bahasa          | bahasai         | bahasa          |
| bahasam         | bahasa          | Malayalam       | malayalam       |
| Maldivian       | maldivian       | divehi          | maldivian       |
| Divehi          | divehi          | Marathi         | marathi         |
| Mongolian       | mongolian       | norsk           | norwegian       |
| Norsk           | norsk           | Norwegian       | norwegian       |
| nyrnorsk        | norwegian       | Nynorsk         | nyrnorsk        |
| Occitan         | occitan         | lenga d'oc      | occitan         |
| langue d'oc     | occitan         | Piedmontese     | piedmontese     |
| piemontese      | piemontese      | Piemontese      | piemontese      |
| piemonteis      | piemontese      | Piemonteis      | piemonteis      |
| Pinyin          | pinyin          | Polish          | polish          |

*continues*

| alias          | language      | alias          | language      |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| Brazil         | brazil        | brazilian      | brazil        |
| Brazilian      | brazilian     | Portuges       | portuges      |
| portuguese     | portuges      | Portuguese     | portuguese    |
| Romanian       | romanian      | Romansh        | romansh       |
| Romansch       | romansh       | Rumantsh       | romansh       |
| Rumantsch      | romansh       | Romanche       | romansh       |
| Russian        | russian       | Samin          | samin         |
| north sami     | samin         | North Sami     | north sami    |
| northern sami  | north sami    | Northern Sami  | northern sami |
| Sanskrit       | sanskrit      | Serbocroatian  | serbocroatian |
| serbo-croatian | serbocroatian | Serbo-Croatian | serbocroatian |
| Serbian        | serbian       | serbanc        | serbian       |
| Croatian       | croatian      | Slovak         | slovak        |
| Slovenian      | slovenian     | Sorbian        | sorbian       |
| Lowersorbian   | lowersorbian  | Uppersorbian   | uppersorbian  |
| lsorbian       | lowersorbian  | usorbian       | uppersorbian  |
| lower sorbian  | lowersorbian  | upper sorbian  | uppersorbian  |
| Lower Sorbian  | lowersorbian  | Upper Sorbian  | uppersorbian  |
| Spanglish      | spanglish     | Spanish        | spanish       |
| Swedish        | swedish       | swiss          | swissgerman   |
| Swiss          | swiss         | Swissgerman    | swissgerman   |
| swiss german   | swissgerman   | Swiss German   | swiss german  |
| Tamil          | tamil         | Telugu         | telugu        |
| Thai           | thai          | thaicjk        | thai          |
| Thaicjk        | thaicjk       | Tibetan        | tibetan       |
| Turkish        | turkish       | Turkmen        | turkmen       |
| Ukrainian      | ukrainian     | Vietnamese     | vietnamese    |
| Welsh          | welsh         |                |               |

These languages *should* cover all languages which are currently covered by babel and polyglossia but very likely this is not the case. Should you miss a language please send me an email so I can add it to **TRANSLATIONS**.

## 5 Implementation

---

<sup>1</sup> % -----  
<sup>2</sup> % the TRANSLATIONS package  
<sup>3</sup> %  
<sup>4</sup> % a simple translator  
<sup>5</sup> %  
<sup>6</sup> % -----  
<sup>7</sup> % Clemens Niederberger

## 5 Implementation

```
8 % Web:      https://github.com/cgnieder/translations
9 % E-Mail:   contact@mychemistry.eu
10 %
11 % Copyright 2012-2014 Clemens Niederberger
12 %
13 % This work may be distributed and/or modified under the
14 % conditions of the LaTeX Project Public License, either version 1.3
15 % of this license or (at your option) any later version.
16 % The latest version of this license is in
17 % http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt
18 % and version 1.3 or later is part of all distributions of LaTeX
19 % version 2005/12/01 or later.
20 %
21 % This work has the LPPL maintenance status 'maintained'.
22 %
23 % The Current Maintainer of this work is Clemens Niederberger.
24 %
25 % If you have any ideas, questions, suggestions or bugs to report, please
26 % feel free to contact me.
27 %
28 \def\@trnslt@date{2014/01/23}
29 \def\@trnslt@version{v1.2a}
30 \def\@trnslt@info{internationalization of LaTeXe packages}
31
32 \ProvidesPackage{translations}[%  

33   \@trnslt@date\space
34   \@trnslt@version\space
35   \@trnslt@info\space (CN)]
36 \RequirePackage{cngtx-base,scrlfile}
37
38 %
39 % message handling
40 % generic help message:
41 \def\@trnslt@error@message{%
42   For details have a look at the 'translations' manual.%  

43 }
44
45 % create message macros:
46 \cngtx@create@generic@message{@trnslt}{translations}{Error}{\@trnslt@error@message}
47 \cngtx@create@generic@message{@trnslt}{translations}{Warning}{}
48 \cngtx@create@generic@message{@trnslt}{translations}{WarningNoLine}{}
49 \cngtx@create@generic@message{@trnslt}{translations}{Info}{}
50
51 % specific errors:
52 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@err@unknown@lang[1]{\@trnslt@error{Unknown language '#1'}}
53 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@warn@unknown@lang[1]{\@trnslt@warning{Unknown language '#1'}}
54 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@err@already@defined[2]{%
55   \@trnslt@error{The #2 translation for '#1' is already defined.}%
56 }
```

```

57 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@err@not@defined[2]{%
58   \@trnslt@error{%
59     The \@trnslt@language{#2} translation for '#1' is not defined yet.%}
60   }%
61 }
62 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@err@dict@already@defined[2]{%
63   \@trnslt@error{The #2 dictionary entry for '#1' is already defined.%}
64 }
65 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@err@dict@not@defined[2]{%
66   \@trnslt@error{%
67     The \@trnslt@language{#2} dictionary entry for '#1' is not defined yet.%}
68   }%
69 }
70 %
71 % -----
72 % check if babel or polyglossia is used
73 \AtEndPreamble{%
74   \@ifpackageloaded{babel}{}{%
75     \@ifpackageloaded{polyglossia}{}{%
76       \@trnslt@info{No language package found. I am going to use 'english'%
77         as default language.}}%
78   }%
79   % define \languagename if not defined yet:
80   \providecommand*\languagename{english}%
81   \def\@trnslt@current@language{\languagename}%
82   % define \bbbl@afterfi if not defined yet:
83   \ifdef\bbbl@afterfi{}{%
84     {\long\def\bbbl@afterfi{\fi{\fi#1}}}%
85   }%
86 %
87 % -----
88 % book keeping: the following macros will be used as 'etoolbox' lists that
89 % keep record of defined languages, dialects and aliases
90 \newcommand*\@trnslt@languages{}% all languages
91 \newcommand*\@trnslt@aliases@pair{}% all aliases and their base
92 \newcommand*\@trnslt@aliases@single{}% all aliases
93 \newcommand*\@trnslt@dialects@pair{}% all dialects and their base
94 \newcommand*\@trnslt@dialects@single{}% all dialects
95 %
96 % -----
97 % define \@trnslt@if@<name> conditionals that don't leave the checked macro as
98 % \relax behind and check for \@trnslt@<name>@#1. These conditionals should
99 % also be expandable in an \edef-like context. Thanks to e-TeX there's
100 % \ifcsname:
101 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@new@check[1]{%
102   \csdef{@trnslt@if@#1}##1{%
103     \ifcsname @trnslt@#1##1\endcsname
104       \expandafter\@firstoftwo
105     \else

```

```

106      \expandafter\@secondoftwo
107      \fi
108  }%
109 }
110 %
111 % -----
112 % leaves lowercase full expansion of #1 in the input stream (except that it
113 % doesn't, because nothing is expanded... :p)
114 \newcommand\@trnslt@get@lowercase[1]{%
115   \lowercase\expandafter{\romannumeral-\`{Q#1}}%
116 }
117 %
118 % -----
119 % \DeclareLanguage
120 % #1: language
121 \newrobustcmd*\DeclareLanguage[1]{%
122   \@trnslt@declare@language{#1}}
123 \onlypreamble\DeclareLanguage
124
125 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@declare@language[1]{%
126   \@trnslt@if@language{#1}%
127   {}{%
128     \csdef{@trnslt@language@#1}{#1}%
129     \listadd{\trnslt@languages}{#1}%
130   }%
131 }
132
133 % get the name declared by \DeclareLanguage: the underlying name of a given
134 % language; this is not the base of a dialect!
135 \newcommand*\@trnslt@language[1]{\csuse{@trnslt@language@#1}}
136
137 % a user-level equivalent:
138 % \newcommand*\baselanguage[1]{\@trnslt@language{#1}}
139
140 % define \@trnslt@if@language{}{}{} that actually checks the existence of
141 % \@trnslt@language@#1:
142 \onlypreamble\@trnslt@new@check{language}
143
144 %
145 % \DeclareLanguageDialect
146 % #1: dialect
147 % #2: language
148 \newrobustcmd*\DeclareLanguageDialect[2]{%
149   \@trnslt@declare@languagedialect{#1}{#2}}
150 \onlypreamble\DeclareLanguageDialect
151
152 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@declare@languagedialect[2]{%
153   \@trnslt@if@language{#2}%
154   {}{%

```

```

155     \atrnslt@warn@unknown@lang{#2}%
156     \atrnslt@declare@language{#2}%
157   }%
158 \atrnslt@if@dialect{#1}
159   {%
160     {%
161       {%
162         \atrnslt@if@alias{#2}%
163         {%
164           \csedef{@trnslt@dialect@#1}{{\atrnslt@alias{#2}}{#1}}%
165           \atrnslt@declare@language{#1}%
166           \listead\atrnslt@dialects@single{#1}%
167           \listead\atrnslt@dialects@pair{#1}{\atrnslt@alias{#2}}% 
168         }%
169       {%
170         \csdef{@trnslt@dialect@#1}{{#2}{#1}}%
171         \atrnslt@declare@language{#1}%
172         \listead\atrnslt@dialects@single{#1}%
173         \listead\atrnslt@dialects@pair{#1}{#2}}%
174       }%
175     }%
176   }%
177 %
178 % dialect equivalent of \atrnslt@language
179 \newcommand*\atrnslt@dialect[1]{\csuse{@trnslt@dialect@#1}}
180 %
181 % this macro fetches the base language for a given dialect, expandably:
182 \newcommand*\atrnslt@dialect@of[1]{%
183   \atrnslt@if@dialect{#1}%
184   {%
185     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter%
186     \@firstoftwo%
187     \csname @trnslt@dialect@#1\endcsname%
188   }%
189 }%
190 %
191 % get the underlying name of a language or the name of the base language of a
192 % dialect:
193 \newcommand*\baselanguage[1]{%
194   \atrnslt@if@dialect{#1}%
195   {\atrnslt@language{\atrnslt@dialect@of{#1}}}
196   {\atrnslt@language{#1}}%
197 }%
198 %
199 % define \atrnslt@if@dialect{#1}{}{} that actually checks the existence of
200 % \atrnslt@dialect@#1:
201 \atrnslt@new@check{dialect}
202 %
203 % -----

```

```

204 % \DeclareLanguageAlias
205 % #1: alias
206 % #2: language
207 \newrobustcmd*\DeclareLanguageAlias[2]{%
208   \@trnslt@declare@languagealias{#1}{#2}%
209 }@\onlypreamble\DeclareLanguageAlias
210
211 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@declare@languagealias[2]{%
212   \@trnslt@if@language{#2}%
213   {}{%
214     \@trnslt@warn@unknown@lang{#2}%
215     \@trnslt@declare@language{#2}%
216   }%
217   \csletcs{@trnslt@language@#1}{@trnslt@language@#2}%
218   \@trnslt@if@dialect{#2}%
219   {\csletcs{@trnslt@dialect@#1}{@trnslt@dialect@#2}%
220   {}%
221   \ifinlist{#1}\@trnslt@aliases@single
222   {}{%
223     \csdef{@trnslt@alias@#1}{#2}%
224     \listeadd{\@trnslt@aliases@pair}{#1}{#2}%
225     \listeadd{\@trnslt@aliases@single}{#1}%
226   }%
227 }
228
229 % alias equivalent of \@trnslt@language
230 \newcommand*\@trnslt@alias[1]{\csuse{@trnslt@alias@#1}}
231
232 % define \@trnslt@if@alias{#1}{}{} that actually checks the existence of
233 % \@trnslt@alias@#1:
234 \@trnslt@new@check{alias}
235
236 % -----
237 % check the current language, expandably:
238 % #1: language
239 % #2: true
240 % #3: false
241 \newcommand*\@trnslt@iflanguage[1]{%
242   \cnltx@braced@expanded@fully
243   \cnltx@braced@expanded@fully
244   \cnltx@firstofone
245   \cnltx@ifstreqular
246   {\@trnslt@language{#1}}
247   {\@trnslt@language{\languagename}}%
248 }
249
250 % check the current /base/ language, expandably:
251 \newcommand*\@trnslt@ifbaselanguage[1]{%
252   \@trnslt@if@dialect{\languagename}

```

```

253 {%
254   \cnltx@braced@expanded@fully
255   \cnltx@braced@expanded@fully
256   \cnltx@firstofone
257   \cnltx@ifstrequal
258     {\@trnslt@language{\@trnslt@dialect@of{\languagename}}}
259     {\@trnslt@language{\#1}}%
260   }
261   {\@trnslt@iflanguage{\#1}}%
262 }

263
264 % user commands for the above:
265 \newcommand*\ifcurrentlanguage[1]{%
266   \@trnslt@iflanguage{\#1}%
267 }
268 \newcommand*\ifcurrentbaselanguage[1]{%
269   \@trnslt@ifbaselanguage{\#1}%
270 }

271
272 % -----
273 % Now that we can define languages we also want to be able to define
274 % translations:
275 % \DeclareTranslation, \NewTranslation, \RenewTranslation and
276 % \ProvideTranslation
277 % #1: language
278 % #2: word
279 % #3: replacement
280 \newrobustcmd*\DeclareTranslation[3]{%
281   \@trnslt@declare@translation{\#2}{\#1}{\#3}%
282 }
283 \@onlypreamble\DeclareTranslation

284
285 \newrobustcmd*\DeclareTranslationFallback[2]{%
286   \@trnslt@declare@translation{\#1}{fallback}{\#2}%
287 }
288 \@onlypreamble\DeclareTranslationFallback

289
290 \newrobustcmd*\NewTranslation[3]{%
291   \@trnslt@new@translation{\#2}{\#1}{\#3}%
292 }
293 \@onlypreamble\NewTranslation

294
295 \newrobustcmd*\RenewTranslation[3]{%
296   \@trnslt@renew@translation{\#2}{\#1}{\#3}%
297 }
298 \@onlypreamble\RenewTranslation

299
300 \newrobustcmd*\ProvideTranslation[3]{%
301   \@trnslt@provide@translation{\#2}{\#1}{\#3}%

```

```

302 }
303 \@onlypreamble\ProvideTranslation
304
305 % #1: word
306 % #2: language
307 % #3: replacement
308 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@declare@translation[3]{%
309   \@trnslt@if@language{#2}
310   {%
311     \@trnslt@if@dialect{#2}
312     {%
313       \csdef{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{#1}@{@trnslt@dialect{#2}}{#3}%
314       \@trnslt@if@word@\trnslt@dialect@of{#1}{#2}
315       {}%
316       {\csdef{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{#1}@{@trnslt@dialect@of{#2}}{#3}%
317       }%
318       {\csdef{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{#1}@{@trnslt@language{#2}}{#3}%
319       % save the <word> as <word>:
320       \csdef{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{#1}@literal}{#1}%
321     }%
322     {\@trnslt@err@unknown@lang{#2}}%
323   }%
324
325 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@new@translation[3]{%
326   \@trnslt@if@word@\trnslt@language{#1}{#2}
327   {\@trnslt@err@already@defined{#1}{#2}%
328   {\@trnslt@declare@translation{#1}{#2}{#3}}%
329 }%
330
331 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@renew@translation[3]{%
332   \@trnslt@if@word@\trnslt@language{#1}{#2}
333   {\@trnslt@declare@translation{#1}{#2}{#3}%
334   {\@trnslt@err@not@defined{#1}{#2}}%
335 }%
336
337 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@provide@translation[3]{%
338   \@trnslt@if@word@\trnslt@language{#1}{#2}
339   {}%
340   {\@trnslt@declare@translation{#1}{#2}{#3}}%
341 }%
342
343 % -----
344 % let's go through some trouble to check if a translation exists:
345 \newcommand*\@trnslt@if@word[3]{%
346   \ifcsname @trnslt@word@\detokenize{#2}@#1{#3}\endcsname
347     \expandafter\@firstoftwo
348   \else
349     \expandafter\@secondoftwo
350 \fi

```

```

351 }%
352
353 \newcommand*{\trnslt@if@translation}[2]{%
354   \@trnslt@if@word\@trnslt@language{#1}{#2}%
355   {\expandafter\@firstoftwo}%
356   {%
357     \@trnslt@if@dialect{#2}%
358     {%
359       \@trnslt@if@word\@trnslt@dialect{#1}{#2}%
360       {\expandafter\@firstoftwo}%
361       {%
362         \@trnslt@if@word\@trnslt@dialect@of{#1}{#2}%
363         {\expandafter\@firstoftwo}%
364         {\expandafter\@secondoftwo}%
365       }%
366     }%
367     {\expandafter\@secondoftwo}%
368   }%
369 }
370
371 % -----
372 % We also need to be able to look up a translation:
373 % \GetTranslationFor and \GetTranslation
374 % these need to be expandable!
375 % #1: language
376 % #2: word
377 \newcommand*{\GetTranslationFor}[2]{%
378   \@trnslt@checkandget@translation@for{#2}{#1}%
379
380 \newcommand*{\GetTranslation}[1]{%
381   \@trnslt@checkandget@translation@for{#1}{\@trnslt@current@language}%
382
383 % those will print the translation lowercase... they're also expandable; that
384 % is: nearly...
385 %   \DeclareTranslation{German}{foo}{Bla}
386 %   \edef\foo{\GetLCTranslationFor{German}{foo}}%
387 %   \show\foo
388 %   > \foo=macro:
389 %   ->\lowercase {Bla}.
390 \newcommand*{\GetLCTranslationFor}[2]{%
391   \@trnslt@get@lowercase{\@trnslt@checkandget@translation@for{#2}{#1}}%
392 }
393
394 \newcommand*{\GetLCTranslation}[1]{%
395   \@trnslt@get@lowercase{%
396     \@trnslt@checkandget@translation@for{#1}{\@trnslt@current@language}%
397   }%
398 }
399

```

```

400 % unexpandable version of the commands that raise a warning if no translation
401 % is available:
402 \newrobustcmd*\GetTranslationForWarn[2]{%
403   \@trnslt@getandwarn@translation@for{\#2}{\#1}%
404 }
405
406 \newrobustcmd*\GetTranslationWarn[1]{%
407   \@trnslt@getandwarn@translation@for{\#1}{\@trnslt@current@language}%
408 }
409
410 \newrobustcmd*\GetLCTranslationForWarn[2]{%
411   \@trnslt@getandwarn@lctranslation@for{\#2}{\#1}%
412 }
413
414 \newrobustcmd*\GetLCTranslationWarn[1]{%
415   \@trnslt@getandwarn@lctranslation@for{\#1}{\@trnslt@current@language}%
416 }
417
418 % #1: word #2: language
419 \newcommand*\@trnslt@get@translation@for[2]{%
420   \@trnslt@if@dialect{\#2}
421   {%
422     \ifcsdef{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{\#1}}{\@trnslt@dialect{\#2}}
423       {\csuse{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{\#1}}{\@trnslt@dialect{\#2}}}
424       {\csuse{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{\#1}}{\@trnslt@dialect@of{\#2}}}%
425   }
426   {\csuse{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{\#1}}{\@trnslt@language{\#2}}}%
427 }
428
429 \newcommand*\@trnslt@checkandget@translation@for[2]{%
430   \@trnslt@if@translation{\#1}{\#2}
431   {\@trnslt@get@translation@for{\#1}{\#2}}
432   {%
433     \@trnslt@if@translation{\#1}{fallback}
434       {\csuse{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{\#1}}{fallback}}
435       {\csuse{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{\#1}}{literal}}}%
436   }%
437 }
438
439 % this is not expandable!
440 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@getandwarn@translation@for[2]{%
441   \@trnslt@if@translation{\#1}{\#2}
442   {\@trnslt@get@translation@for{\#1}{\#2}}
443   {%
444     \@trnslt@warning{Translation for '#1' in #2 unknown. You may try to use
445       \string\DeclareTranslation{\#2}{\#1}{...} in your preamble.}%
446     \@trnslt@if@translation{\#1}{fallback}
447     {%
448       \@trnslt@info{Using fallback translation for '#1'}}%

```

```

449         \csuse{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{\#1}@fallback}
450     }
451     {\csuse{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{\#1}@literal}}%
452 }%
453 }
454
455 % lowercase version for translation with warnings:
456 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@getandwarn@lctranslation@for[2]{%
457     \@trnslt@if@translation{\#1}{\#2}
458     {\@trnslt@get@lowercase{\@trnslt@get@translation@for{\#1}{\#2}}}
459     {%
460         \@trnslt@warning{Translation for '#1' in #2 unknown. You may try to use
461             \string\DeclareTranslation{\#2}{\#1}{ ... } in your preamble.}%
462         \@trnslt@if@translation{\#1}{fallback}
463         {%
464             \@trnslt@info{Using fallback translation for '#1'}%
465             \@trnslt@get@lowercase{\csuse{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{\#1}@fallback}}%
466         }
467         {\@trnslt@get@lowercase{\csuse{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{\#1}@literal}}}}%
468     }%
469 }
470
471 % -----
472 % no idea if the following ones really are needed... let's define them
473 % anyway
474 % \SaveTranslationFor and \SaveTranslation
475 \newrobustcmd*\SaveTranslationFor[3]{%
476     \@trnslt@save@translation@for{\#1}{\#3}{\#2}%
477 }
478
479 \newrobustcmd*\SaveTranslation[2]{%
480     \@trnslt@save@translation@for{\#1}{\#2}{\@trnslt@current@language}%
481 }
482
483 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@save@translation@for[3]{%
484     \edef#1{%
485         \@trnslt@if@translation{\#2}{\#3}
486         {\csuse{@trnslt@word@\detokenize{\#2}@{\@trnslt@language{\#3}}}}%
487     }%
488 }%
489 }
490
491 %
492 % -----
493 % The basics are set. What's missing? Right: dictionaries! Those will be files
494 % that contain translations for a specific language.
495 %
496 % \LoadDictionary and \LoadDictionaryFor
497 \newrobustcmd*\LoadDictionary[1]{%

```

```

498  \atrnslt@load@dictionary@for{#1}{\atrnslt@current@language}}
499  \onlypreamble\LoadDictionary
500
501 \newrobustcmd*\LoadDictionaryFor[2]{%
502   \atrnslt@load@dictionary@for{#2}{#1}}
503 \onlypreamble\LoadDictionaryFor
504
505 % #1: name
506 % #2: lang
507 \newrobustcmd*\atrnslt@load@dictionary@for[2]{%
508   \AtBeginDocument{%
509     \InputIfFileExists{#1-\atrnslt@language{#2}.trsl}
510       {\atrnslt@check@dictionary{#1}{#2}}
511       {%
512         \atrnslt@warning{dictionary file '#1-\atrnslt@language{#2}.trsl' not
513           found.}%
514       }%
515     }%
516   }%
517
518 \newrobustcmd*\atrnslt@check@dictionary[2]{%
519   \AfterFile{#1-\atrnslt@language{#2}.trsl}
520   {%
521     \ifcsdef{\atrnslt@dictionary@#1}{\atrnslt@language{#2}}
522       {\atrnslt@info{loading dictionary '#1' for '#2'.}}
523       {%
524         \atrnslt@warning{file '#1-\atrnslt@language{#2}.trsl' does not
525           appear to be a dictionary}%
526       }%
527     }%
528   }%
529
530 \newcommand*\atrnslt@if@dictionary[2]{\IfFileExists{#1-#2.trsl}}
531
532 \newcommand*\atrnslt@load@dictionary@silent@for[2]{\InputIfFileExists{#1-#2.trsl}
533   }{}{}}
534 %
535 % the contents of a dictionary; let's declare that is one.
536 \newrobustcmd*\ProvideDictionaryFor[2]{%
537   \atrnslt@provide@dictionary@for{#1}{#2}}
538 \onlypreamble\ProvideDictionaryFor
539
540 \newrobustcmd*\atrnslt@provide@dictionary@for[2]{%
541   \def{\atrnslt@dictionary@name{#2}}%
542   \edef{\atrnslt@dictionary@lang}{\atrnslt@language{#1}}%
543   % this macro can be used to check if we have a dictionary and will also be
544   % used as a list for the dictionary entries:
545   \csdef{\atrnslt@dictionary@\atrnslt@dictionary@name}{\atrnslt@language{#1}}%

```

```

546 \@ifnextchar[
547   {\@trnslt@provide@dictionary@version}
548   {
549     \ProvidesFile
550       {#2-\@trnslt@dictionary@lang.trsl}%
551       [(\@trnslt@dictionary@lang\space translation file '#2')]
552   }%
553 }
554
555 \protected\def\@trnslt@provide@dictionary@version[#1]{%
556   \ProvidesFile
557     {\@trnslt@dictionary@name-\@trnslt@dictionary@lang.trsl}%
558     [(\@trnslt@dictionary@lang\space translation file '\@trnslt@dictionary@name')
559     #1]}
560 % change this test (we can't use braces inside the item with \ifinlist):
561 \newcommand*\@trnslt@check@dictionary@entry[2]{%
562   \cnltx@ifinlistcs
563   {{#1}{#2}}
564   {\@trnslt@dictionary@\@trnslt@dictionary@name @\@trnslt@dictionary@lang}%
565 }
566
567 \newrobustcmd*\@trnslt@add@dictionary@entry[2]{%
568   \listcsadd
569     {\@trnslt@dictionary@\@trnslt@dictionary@name @\@trnslt@dictionary@lang}%
570     {{#1}{#2}}%
571 }
572
573 %
574 % now we should be able to add translations without repeatedly type the
575 % language ...
576 \newrobustcmd*\NewDictTranslation[2]{%
577   \@trnslt@check@dictionary@entry{#1}{#2}
578   {\@trnslt@err@dict@already@defined{#1}{#2}}%
579   {%
580     \@trnslt@add@dictionary@entry{#1}{#2}
581     \@trnslt@new@translation{#1}{\@trnslt@dictionary@lang}{#2}%
582   }%
583 }
584 \@onlypreamble\NewDictTranslation
585
586 \newrobustcmd*\RenewDictTranslation[2]{%
587   \@trnslt@check@dictionary@entry{#1}{#2}
588   {\@trnslt@renew@translation{#1}{\@trnslt@dictionary@lang}{#2}}%
589   {\@trnslt@err@dict@not@defined{#1}{#2}}%
590 }
591 \@onlypreamble\RenewDictTranslation
592
593 \newrobustcmd*\DeclareDictTranslation[2]{%

```

```

594  \atrnslt@check@dictionary@entry{#1}{#2}
595      {}
596      {\atrnslt@add@dictionary@entry{#1}{#2}}%
597  \atrnslt@declare@translation{#1}{\atrnslt@dictionary@lang}{#2}%
598 }
599 \onlypreamble\DeclareDictTranslation
600
601 \newrobustcmd*\ProvideDictTranslation[2]{%
602     \atrnslt@check@dictionary@entry{#1}{#2}
603     {}
604     {%
605         \atrnslt@add@dictionary@entry{#1}{#2}%
606         \atrnslt@provide@translation{#1}{\atrnslt@dictionary@lang}{#2}%
607     }%
608 }
609 \onlypreamble\ProvideDictTranslation
610
611 %
612 % last not least let's inspect which entries a dictionary contains of:
613 % \PrintDictionaryFor
614 % #1: lang
615 % #2: name
616 % #3: pre
617 % #4: mid
618 % #5: post
619 \newcommand*\PrintDictionaryFor[5]{%
620     \atrnslt@print@dictionary@for{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}{#5}%
621 }
622
623 % #1: lang
624 % #2: name
625 % #3: pre
626 % #4: mid
627 % #5: post
628 \newcommand*\atrnslt@print@dictionary@for[5]{%
629     \forlistcsloop
630         {\atrnslt@print@dictionary@entry{#3}{#4}{#5}}
631         {\atrnslt@dictionary@#2@\atrnslt@language{#1}}%
632 }
633
634 % #1: pre
635 % #2: mid
636 % #3: post
637 % #4: (key)(translation)
638 \newcommand*\atrnslt@print@dictionary@entry[4]{%
639     \atrnslt@print@dictionary@entry@aux{#1}{#2}{#3}{#4}%
640 }
641
642 % #1: pre

```

```

643 % #2: mid
644 % #3: post
645 % #4: key
646 % #5: translation
647 \newcommand*{\trnslt@print@dictionary@entry@aux}[5]{#1#4#2#5#3}
648
649 % =====
650 % Now that the package is finished let's us ethe above commands to provide a
651 % basis for usage; we need all languages known to 'babel' and 'polyglossia'
652 % as well as aliases to allow different spellings/names; we also need dialects
653 % where it makes sense (e.g. British as a dialect of English)
654
655 %
656 % dummy language 'fallback' -- it is needed for the whole mechansim provided
657 % earlier (\DeclareFallbackTranslation...)
658 \DeclareLanguage{fallback}
659 \DeclareLanguageAlias{Fallback}{fallback}
660
661 %
662 % predefined languages
663 \DeclareLanguage{afrikaans}
664 \DeclareLanguage{albanian}
665 \DeclareLanguage{amharic}
666 \DeclareLanguage{arabic}
667 \DeclareLanguage{armenian}
668 \DeclareLanguage{asturian}
669 \DeclareLanguage{basque}
670 \DeclareLanguage{bengali}
671 \DeclareLanguage{breton}
672 \DeclareLanguage{bulgarian}
673 \DeclareLanguage{catalan}
674 \DeclareLanguage{coptic}
675 \DeclareLanguage{czech}
676 \DeclareLanguage{danish}
677 \DeclareLanguage{dutch}
678 \DeclareLanguage{english}
679 \DeclareLanguage{esperanto}
680 \DeclareLanguage{estonian}
681 \DeclareLanguage{ethiop}
682 \DeclareLanguage{farsi}
683 \DeclareLanguage{finnish}
684 \DeclareLanguage{french}
685 \DeclareLanguage{friulan}
686 \DeclareLanguage{gaelic}
687 \DeclareLanguage{galician}
688 \DeclareLanguage{german}
689 \DeclareLanguage{greek}
690 \DeclareLanguage{hebrew}
691 \DeclareLanguage{hindustani}

```

```

692 \DeclareLanguage{hungarian}
693 \DeclareLanguage{icelandic}
694 \DeclareLanguage{interlingua}
695 \DeclareLanguage{italian}
696 \DeclareLanguage{japanese}
697 \DeclareLanguage{kannada}
698 \DeclareLanguage{ladin}
699 \DeclareLanguage{lao}
700 \DeclareLanguage{latin}
701 \DeclareLanguage{latvian}
702 \DeclareLanguage{lithuanian}
703 \DeclareLanguage{malay}
704 \DeclareLanguage{malayalam}
705 \DeclareLanguage{maldivian}
706 \DeclareLanguage{marathi}
707 \DeclareLanguage{mongolian}

708 % polyglossia seems to support this one but it is unclear which language is
709 % actually meant by it:
710 % \DeclareLanguage{nko}
711 \DeclareLanguage{norwegian}
712 \DeclareLanguage{occitan}
713 \DeclareLanguage{piedmontese}
714 \DeclareLanguage{pinyin}
715 \DeclareLanguage{polish}
716 \DeclareLanguage{portuges}
717 \DeclareLanguage{romanian}
718 \DeclareLanguage{romansh}
719 \DeclareLanguage{russian}
720 \DeclareLanguage{samin}
721 \DeclareLanguage{sanskrit}
722 \DeclareLanguage{serbocroatian}
723 \DeclareLanguage{slovak}
724 \DeclareLanguage{slovenian}
725 \DeclareLanguage{sorbian}

726 % not sure about this: isn't it either a Spanish or English dialect?
727 \DeclareLanguage{spanglish}
728 \DeclareLanguage{spanish}
729 \DeclareLanguage{swedish}

730 % polyglossia seems to support this one but it is unclear which language is
731 % actually meant by it:
732 % \DeclareLanguage{syriac}
733 \DeclareLanguage{tamil}
734 \DeclareLanguage{telugu}
735 \DeclareLanguage{thai}
736 \DeclareLanguage{tibetan}
737 \DeclareLanguage{turkish}
738 \DeclareLanguage{turkmen}
739 \DeclareLanguage{ukrainian}
740 \DeclareLanguage{vietnamese}

```

```

741 \DeclareLanguage{welsh}
742 %
743 % -----
744 % aliases and dialects:
745 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Afrikaans}{afrikaans}
746 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Albanian}{albanian}
747 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Amharic}{amharic}
748 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Arabic}{arabic}
749 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Armenian}{armenian}
750 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Asturian}{asturian}
751 \DeclareLanguageAlias {astur-leonese}{asturian}
752 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Astur-Leonese}{astur-leonese}
753 \DeclareLanguageAlias {asturian-leonese}{asturian}
754 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Asturian-Leonese}{asturian-leonese}
755 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Basque}{basque}
756 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Bengali}{bengali}
757 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Breton}{breton}
758 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Bulgarian}{bulgarian}
759 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Catalan}{catalan}
760 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Coptic}{coptic}
761 \DeclareLanguageAlias {coptic egyptian}{coptic}
762 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Coptic Egyptian}{coptic egyptian}
763 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Czech}{czech}
764 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Danish}{danish}
765 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Dutch}{dutch}
766 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Farsi}{farsi}
767 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Finnish}{finnish}
768 \DeclareLanguageAlias {francais}{french}
769 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Francais}{francais}
770 \DeclareLanguageDialect{canadien}{french}
771 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Canadian}{canadien}
772 \DeclareLanguageAlias {French}{french}
773 \DeclareLanguageDialect{acadian}{french}
774 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Acadian}{acadian}
775 \DeclareLanguageAlias {frenchle}{french}
776 \DeclareLanguageDialect{american}{english}
777 \DeclareLanguageAlias {American}{american}
778 \DeclareLanguageDialect{australian}{english}
779 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Australian}{australian}
780 \DeclareLanguageDialect{british}{english}
781 \DeclareLanguageAlias {British}{british}
782 \DeclareLanguageDialect{canadian}{english}
783 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Canadian}{canadian}
784 \DeclareLanguageAlias {English}{english}
785 \DeclareLanguageAlias {UKenglish}{british}
786 \DeclareLanguageAlias {USenglish}{american}
787 \DeclareLanguageDialect{newzealand}{english}
788 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Newzealand}{newzealand}
789 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Ethiop}{ethiop}

```

```

790 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Esperanto}{esperanto}
791 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Estonian}{estonian}
792 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Friulan}{friulan}
793 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Gaelic}{gaelic}
794 \DeclareLanguageDialect{irish}{gaelic}
795 \DeclareLanguageDialect{scottish}{gaelic}
796 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Irish}{irish}
797 \DeclareLanguageAlias {irish gaelic}{irish}
798 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Irish Gaelic}{irish}
799 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Scottish}{scottish}
800 \DeclareLanguageAlias {scottish gaelic}{scottish}
801 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Scottish Gaelic}{scottish}
802 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Galician}{galician}
803 \DeclareLanguageAlias {German}{german}
804 \DeclareLanguageAlias {germanb}{german}
805 \DeclareLanguageAlias {ngerman}{german}
806 \DeclareLanguageDialect{austrian}{german}
807 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Austrian}{austrian}
808 \DeclareLanguageAlias {naustrian}{austrian}
809 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Greek}{greek}
810 \DeclareLanguageAlias {polutonikogreek}{greek}
811 \DeclareLanguageAlias {ibygreek}{greek}
812 \DeclareLanguageAlias {bgreek}{greek}
813 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Hebrew}{hebrew}
814 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Hindustani}{hindustani}
815 \DeclareLanguageAlias {hindi-urdu}{hindustani}
816 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Hindi-Urdu}{hindi-urdu}
817 \DeclareLanguageDialect{hindi}{hindustani}
818 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Hindi}{hindi}
819 \DeclareLanguageDialect{urdu}{hindustani}
820 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Urdu}{urdu}
821 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Hungarian}{hungarian}
822 \DeclareLanguageAlias {magyar}{hungarian}
823 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Magyar}{magyar}
824 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Icelandic}{icelandic}
825 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Interlingua}{interlingua}
826 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Italian}{italian}
827 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Japanese}{japanese}
828 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Kannada}{kannada}
829 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Ladin}{ladin}
830 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Lao}{lao}
831 \DeclareLanguageAlias {laotian}{lao}
832 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Laotian}{laotian}
833 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Latin}{latin}
834 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Latvian}{latvian}
835 \DeclareLanguageAlias {lettish}{latvian}
836 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Lettish}{lettish}
837 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Lithuanian}{lithuanian}
838 % hopefully someone who knows better than me can comment on these

```

```

839 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Malay}{malay}
840 \DeclareLanguageDialect{indonesian}{malay}
841 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Indonesian}{indonesian}
842 \DeclareLanguageAlias {indon}{indonesian}
843 \DeclareLanguageAlias {bahasa_meyalu}{malay}
844 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Bahasa_Meyalu}{bahasa_meyalu}
845 \DeclareLanguageAlias {bahasa}{bahasa_meyalu}
846 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Bahasa}{bahasa}
847 \DeclareLanguageAlias {bahasai}{bahasa}
848 \DeclareLanguageAlias {bahasam}{bahasa}
849 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Malayalam}{malayalam}
850 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Maldivian}{maldivian}
851 \DeclareLanguageAlias {divehi}{maldivian}
852 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Divehi}{divehi}
853 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Marathi}{marathi}
854 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Mongolian}{mongolian}
855 % \DeclareLanguageAlias {Syriac}{syriac}
856 \DeclareLanguageAlias {norsk}{norwegian}
857 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Norsk}{norsk}
858 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Norwegian}{norwegian}
859 \DeclareLanguageAlias {nynorsk}{norwegian}
860 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Nynorsk}{nynorsk}
861 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Occitan}{occitan}
862 \DeclareLanguageAlias {lenga_d'oc}{occitan}
863 \DeclareLanguageAlias {langue_d'oc}{occitan}
864 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Piedmontese}{piedmontese}
865 \DeclareLanguageAlias {piemontese}{piedmontese}
866 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Piemontese}{piemontese}
867 \DeclareLanguageAlias {piemonteis}{piedmontese}
868 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Piemonteis}{piemonteis}
869 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Pinyin}{pinyin}
870 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Polish}{polish}
871 \DeclareLanguageDialect{brazil}{portuges}
872 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Brazil}{brazil}
873 \DeclareLanguageAlias {brazilian}{brazil}
874 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Brazilian}{brazilian}
875 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Portuges}{portuges}
876 \DeclareLanguageAlias {portuguese}{portuges}
877 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Portuguese}{portuguese}
878 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Romanian}{romanian}
879 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Romansh}{romansh}
880 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Romansch}{romansh}
881 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Rumantsh}{romansh}
882 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Rumantsch}{romansh}
883 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Romanche}{romansh}
884 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Russian}{russian}
885 \DeclareLanguageAlias {Samin}{samin}
886 \DeclareLanguageAlias {north_sami}{samin}
887 \DeclareLanguageAlias {North_Sami}{north_sami}

```

```

888 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {northern sami}{north sami}
889 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Northern Sami}{northern sami}
890 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Sanskrit}{sanskrit}
891 % this one isn't needed, or is it? vvv
892 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Serbocroatian}{serbocroatian}
893 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {serbo-croatian}{serbocroatian}
894 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Serbo-Croatian}{serbocroatian}
895 \DeclareLanguageDialect{serbian}{serbocroatian}
896 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Serbian}{serbian}
897 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {serbianc}{serbian}
898 \DeclareLanguageDialect{croatian}{serbocroatian}
899 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Croatian}{croatian}
900 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Slovak}{slovak}
901 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Slovenian}{slovenian}
902 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Sorbian}{sorbian}
903 \DeclareLanguageDialect{lowersorbian}{sorbian}
904 \DeclareLanguageDialect{uppersorbian}{sorbian}
905 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Lowersorbian}{lowersorbian}
906 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Uppersorbian}{uppersorbian}
907 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {lsorbian}{lowersorbian}
908 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {usorbian}{uppersorbian}
909 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {lower sorbian}{lowersorbian}
910 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {upper sorbian}{uppersorbian}
911 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Lower Sorbian}{lowersorbian}
912 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Upper Sorbian}{uppersorbian}
913 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Spanglish}{spanglish}
914 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Spanish}{spanish}
915 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Swedish}{swedish}
916 \DeclareLanguageDialect{swissgerman}{german}
917 % this is to be discussed: swiss could also be an alias of french, italian or
918 % romansh:
919 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {swiss}{swissgerman}
920 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Swiss}{swiss}
921 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Swissgerman}{swissgerman}
922 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {swiss german}{swissgerman}
923 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Swiss German}{swiss german}
924 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Tamil}{tamil}
925 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Telugu}{telugu}
926 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Thai}{thai}
927 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {thaicjk}{thai}
928 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Thaicjk}{thaicjk}
929 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Tibetan}{tibetan}
930 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Turkish}{turkish}
931 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Turkmen}{turkmen}
932 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Ukrainian}{ukrainian}
933 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Vietnamese}{vietnamese}
934 \DeclareLanguageAlias  {Welsh}{welsh}

935
936 % =====

```

```

937 % OK, we have everything, do we? No, wait: let's load the basic dictionary
938 % that is part of this package if it is available for the document language
939 %
940 % -----
941 % load basic dictionary if available
942 \AtBeginDocument{%
943     %@trnslt@if@dialect{@trnslt@current@language}
944     {%
945         %@trnslt@if@dictionary
946         {translations-basic-dictionary}
947         {@trnslt@language{@trnslt@current@language}}%
948     }%
949     %@trnslt@load@dictionary@silent@for
950     {translations-basic-dictionary}
951     {@trnslt@language{@trnslt@current@language}}%
952 }%
953     %@trnslt@load@dictionary@silent@for
954     {translations-basic-dictionary}
955     {@trnslt@dialect@of{@trnslt@current@language}}%
956 }
957 }%
958 {%
959     %@trnslt@load@dictionary@silent@for
960     {translations-basic-dictionary}
961     {@trnslt@language{@trnslt@current@language}}%
962 }%
963 }
964
965 \endinput
966
967 % =====
968 % HISTORY:
969 2012/09/30 v0.2beta - first version (as part of the 'exsheets' bundle)
970 2012/10/05 v0.2      - \LoadDictionary and \LoadDictionaryFor added and loads of
971                  languages defined.
972 2013/03/10 v0.8      - basic dictionaries for English, German, French and Spanish
973                  - new command \DeclareDictTranslation
974 2013/04/04 v0.8a     - bug fix in \DeclareDictTranslation
975 2013/04/07 v0.9      - slightly improved messages
976 2013/04/08 v0.9a     - changed fallback warning into info
977                  - synchronized version number with 'exsheets' until now but
978                  won't any more
979 2013/06/22 v0.9b     - added Swiss
980 2013/06/28 v0.10     - declaring aliases of dialects now works as expected
981                  - declarings dialects of an alias now correctly declares
982                  the dialect to the correct base language
983                  - corrected a few erroneous language declarations
984 2013/07/12 v0.10a    - \GetTranslation gets two-folded fallback: use
985                  fallback-translation if no translation for the current

```

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986 language has been defined; use literal string if /no/
987 language is used - this should never happen but /will/
988 happen if neither 'babel' nor 'polyglossia' have been
989 loaded, i.e., no language has been chosen /and/ the
990 package writer did not provide an English translation
991 2013/07/16 v1.0
992 - removed from 'exsheets' bundle - 'translations' should
993 be a package of it's own
994 - load basic dictionary automatically if available
995 - rudimentary check in \LoadDictionary if loaded file is a
996 dictionary
997 - new command \PrintDictionaryFor
998 - redefined conditionals; they still seemed to make
999 trouble in some cases
1000 - added /loads/ of languages, now the list of babel and
1001 polyglossia languages hopefully is complete
1002 - a few languages had falsely been declared as dialect
1003 instead of an alias
1004 - added weekday names and month names to basic dictionary
1005 - new command \baselanguage
1006 - new commands \GetLCTranslation, \GetLCTranslationFor,
1007 \GetLCTranslationWarn and \GetLCTranslationForWarn
1008 - load basic dictionary also for dialects and if it
1009 doesn't exist load it for the corresponding base
1010 language instead
1011 - Bug fix in \NewTranslation und \RenewTranslation
1012 - \ifcurrentlanguage, \ifcurrentbaselanguage
1013 - require cnltx-base
1014 - change the 'no language package' warning into an info
1015 - \ProvideTranslation
1016 - \NewDictTranslation, \RenewDictTranslation,
1017 \ProvideDictTranslation
1018 - translations in dictionaries are provided
1019 - \baselanguagename
1020 - add \detokenize{} so that translation keys with
1021 non-ascii chars can safely be used
1022 - fix bug in dialect declaration
1023 - rename \baselanguagename => \baselanguage
1024 - drop earlier \baselanguage (it was and still is
available as \@trnslt@language)
```

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