

# User-Visible Changes to the `amsrefs` Package, version 2.0

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This document describes some of the user-visible changes made to the `amsrefs` package between version 1.23, the last public release, and version 2.0. This list is not exhaustive. Instead, the focus is on correct (or at least reasonable) user documents that would produce different output when processed under the two versions. In general, the changes discussed here fall between the following poles:

1. Version 1.23 produces results that are subtly wrong. These range from things that would go unnoticed by any but the most attentive reader to things that, even if noticed, would likely be shrugged off as unimportant.
2. Version 1.23 produces results that are obviously wrong, i.e., they would be obvious under even the most cursory examination of the output. In most cases, this means the resulting document would be unacceptable.

We don't include the even more severe category of examples where version 1.23 generates a fatal error since no document would be produced in that case. We also don't include enhancements or new features that depend upon new syntax, since such constructs would not be expected to be found in version 1.23 documents.

Reference numbers in square brackets refer to bugs reported by users.

## 1 The initials option

See table 1 for illustrations of these changes.

**Change 1 [B-2005].** When a given name ends in a period, an extra space and period would be appended to the name. Lines 1 and 2 in table 1 illustrate the most common cases. Line 3 illustrates

**Table 1.** Bugs in the `initials` option

	<b>Input</b>	<b>v1.23 output</b>	<b>v2.0 output</b>
1.	Doe, J.	J. . Doe	J. Doe
2.	Doe, John R.	J. R. . Doe	J. R. Doe
3.	Doe, Yu.	Y. . Doe	Yu. Doe
4.	Doe, J.~R.	J. R. . Doe	J. R. Doe
5.	Doe, John~Henry	J. Doe	J. H. Doe
6.	Bing, R H	R H. Bing	R H Bing
7.	Katzenbach, N. {deB}elleville	@B@@@@@@@@ @ N. Katzenbach	N. deB. Katzenbach
8.	Katzenbach, N. deB.	@ @ @ N. Katzenbach	N. deB. Katzenbach
9.	Grömov, Märtin	MÅ. Grömov	M. Grömov
10.	Doe, {Yu}ri	Y. Doe	Yu. Doe

a related case that is both a bug fix and an enhancement (cf. lines 7 and 8): initials consisting of multiple characters were not recognized (cf. change 6).

**Change 2 [B-2005a].** Ties (~) between given names resulted in incorrect output, either extra space (line 4) or a dropped initial (line 5). Since BibTeX automatically generates ties, this problem occurs frequently when using `amsxport`.

**Change 3.** A name consisting of a single letter would receive an erroneous period (line 6).

**Change 4.** Names beginning with lowercase letters were handled badly (lines 7 and 8) (cf. change 6).

**Change 5.** Extended character sets were not handled well. For example, when using T1 fonts, lowercase 8-bit characters were not processed correctly (line 9).

**Change 6.** There was no way to indicate a multi-character initial (line 10). (Cf. changes 1 and 4).

## 2 The xref field

**Change 7 [B-2009].** Repeatable fields (such as `editor`) were not inherited via the `xref` field. Consider the following example:

```
\bib*{icalp77}{proceedings}{
  editor={Arto Salomaa},
  editor={Magnus Steinby},
  title={Automata, Languages and Programming, Fourth Colloquium}
}

\bib{AhoS1977}{article}{
  title={How Hard is Compiler Code Generation?},
  author={Alfred V. Aho},
  author={Ravi Sethi},
  xref={icalp77},
  pages={1\ndash 15}
}
```

Version 1.23 would produce

Alfred V. Aho and Ravi Sethi, *How Hard is Compiler Code Generation?*, Automata, Languages and Programming, Fourth Colloquium, pp. 1–15.

(without the editors) instead of

Alfred V. Aho and Ravi Sethi, *How Hard is Compiler Code Generation?*, Automata, Languages and Programming, Fourth Colloquium (Arto Salomaa and Magnus Steinby, eds.), pp. 1–15.

Other additive keys like `author`, `isbn` and `review` would similarly be dropped.

## 3 The alphabetic option

**Change 8 [B-2009].** In version 1.23, generation of alphabetic labels was done by BibTeX rather than by `amsrefs.sty`. This means that if you did not use BibTeX to generate your `\bib` entries

from a `.bib` file, `amsrefs` would use the author's citation key as the alphabetic label<sup>1</sup>. This means that an entry such as

```
\bib{D1999}{article}{
  author={Doe, John~R.},
  year={1999}
}
```

would appear as

[D1999] John R. Doe (1999).

while if the same entry was generated from a `.bib` file using `amsxport`, the entry would appear as

[Doe99] John R. Doe (1999).

This approach had a number of problems, such as lack of uniformity, so in version 2.0, it is `amsrefs.sty` that generates the alphabetic label, not `BibTeX`, and the entry above would appear as [Doe99] even if `BibTeX` is not used.

## 4 Changes to bibliography style

**Change 9.** A book with both an author and an editor, for example,

```
\bib{X}{book}{
  author={Doe, John},
  editor={Crow, Jack},
  title={Book with one author and one editor}
}
```

would be formatted as

John DoeJack Crow (ed.), *Book with one author and one editor*.

rather than

John Doe, *Book with one author and one editor*. Edited by Jack Crow.

**Change 10.** Editors did not participate in the automatic `\bysame` processing, so if you had two books by the same editor, e.g.

```
\bib{A}{book}{
  editor={Crow, Jack},
  title={First book}
}

\bib{B}{book}{
  editor={Crow, Jack},
  title={Second book}
}
```

the result would be

[1] Jack Crow (ed.), *First book*.

[2] Jack Crow (ed.), *Second book*.

instead of

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<sup>1</sup>It was also possible for the user to supply a different alphabetic label using the `label` field, but this feature was undocumented.

- [1] Jack Crow (ed.), *First book*.
- [2] ——— (ed.), *Second book*.

Consider also what happens if we change the `editor` in the first entry to `author`:

- [1] Jack Crow, *First book*.
- [2] Jack Crow (ed.), *Second book*.

versus

- [1] Jack Crow, *First book*.
- [2] ——— (ed.), *Second book*.

**Change 11.** Some changes have been made to punctuation and order of fields to bring the `amsrefs` format into line with the AMS house style.

## 5 `\cite-like` commands

**Change 12.** The `\ycites`, `\ocites`, `\fullcite` and `\fullocite` commands for author-year citations were not implemented in version 1.23. Instead, they produced a warning on the terminal and then behaved identically to the `\cites`, `\cite` or `\ocite` commands. They will be implemented in version 2.0 and thus produce different output. Table 2 illustrates the changes.

**Table 2.** The `\cite-like` commands

Consider the following entries:

Crow, Jack, John Doe, and John Bull. 1999...  
Doe, John. 2000...

If the citation keys for the items are “A” and “B”, respectively, the various `\cite` commands would produce the following:

<b>Input</b>	<b>v1.23 output</b>	<b>v2.0 output</b>
1. <code>\cite{A}</code>	(Crow et al., 1999)	(Crow et al., 1999)
2. <code>\fullcite{A}</code>	(Crow et al., 1999)	(Crow, Doe, and Bull, 1999)
3. <code>\ocite{A}</code>	Crow et al. (1999)	Crow et al. (1999)
4. <code>\fullocite{A}</code>	Crow et al. (1999)	Crow, Doe, and Bull (1999)
5. <code>\cites{A,B}</code>	(Crow et al., 1999; Doe, 2000)	(Crow et al., 1999; Doe, 2000)
6. <code>\ycites{A,B}</code>	(Crow et al., 1999; Doe, 2000)	(1999, 2000)
7. <code>\ocites{A,B}</code>	(Crow et al., 1999; Doe, 2000)	Crow et al. (1999) and Doe (2000)

**Change 13.** Citation-sorting did not always work correctly when there were optional arguments involved. So,

`\citelist{\cite{2} \cite{1} \cite{3}}`

would correctly produce

[1–3]

but

`\citelist{\cite{2} \cite{1} \cite{3}*{Theorem 1}}`

would produce

[1, 3, Theorem 1; 2]

instead of

[1; 2; 3, Theorem 1]

Note also that version 2.0 correctly switches to using semi-colons while version 1.23 erroneously used a comma between the first and second items.

## 6 The `inicap` package and `\EnglishInitialCaps`

### Change 14.

As of version 2.0, `amsrefs` no longer attempts to adjust the capitalization of book titles. Version 1.23 shipped with a package called `inicap` that provided a function for converting English titles from normal upper/lower case to “initial caps” form. For example, if an author typed

```
booktitle={Group rings, crossed products and Galois theory}
```

`amsrefs` would automatically adjust it to

```
Group Rings, Crossed Products and Galois Theory
```

However, `inicap` is incomplete and produces incorrect results in cases like the following:

```
Term rewriting with sharing and memoization
Term Rewriting with Sharing and memoization
```

```
The \ldq low  $M^*$ -estimate\rdq\ for covering numbers
The “low  $M^*$ -estimate” for Covering Numbers
(where “low” and “estimate” should be capitalized)
```

and an example like the following, which uses the `\qq` command that we recommend, would result in a fatal error:

```
The \qq{low  $M^*$ -estimate} for covering numbers
```

In addition, this feature was of limited usefulness since it was only applied to book titles. Authors should already be accustomed to taking full responsibility for the capitalization of book titles since Bib<sub>T</sub>EX does not alter the capitalization of book titles.

The low utility of the feature does not seem to warrant the effort that would be required to make the `inicap` package robust enough for use in a production environment, so we have decided instead to deprecate it and remove this functionality from the `amsrefs` package.